National TB Response Tracker

India
Progress against the UN High Level Meeting Targets

Having endorsed the Political Declaration from the High-Level Meeting on TB, every country must now deliver its fair share of those global commitments.

For India, the priority should be to deliver its national share of the global targets to diagnose and treat 40 million people with TB by 2022, through a fully-funded, rights-based, national programme.

To successfully achieve this and the other targets, efforts will need to be coordinated across a range of government departments.

India should establish a national coordinating mechanism with political support at the highest level which will ensure the successful delivery of the commitments at the High-Level Meeting.

Diagnose and treat 40 million by 2022

If delivered, the headline target to diagnose and treat 40 million people with TB by 2022 will put the world on track to end TB by 2030. To achieve the target, all countries must deliver their national share.

NATIONAL SHARE: 11,900,000
PROJECTED: 6164049
GLOBAL DELIVERY RANK: 196

NATIONAL SHARE: TARGET EACH COUNTRY HAS TO ACHIEVE [Stop TB Partnership estimates]
PROJECTED: WHAT THE COUNTRY WILL ACHIEVE AT THE CURRENT RATE OF PROGRESS [projection with WHO data]
Delivering on the promises of the High-Level Meeting

Treat 3.5 million children worldwide by 2022

NATIONAL SHARE: 844,200
PROJECTED: 527,840
GLOBAL DELIVERY RANK: 74

Provide preventive treatment for 30 million people worldwide by 2022

NATIONAL SHARE: 6,997,400
CURRENT TOTAL: UNAVAILABLE

Treat 1.5 million with MDR-TB worldwide by 2022

NATIONAL SHARE: 406,600
PROJECTED: 65520
GLOBAL DELIVERY RANK: 98

Invest $2 billion a year in TB R&D

NATIONAL SHARE: $46,500,000
2017 SPEND: $16,842,455

What Governments can do:

1. Head of State or Ministers develop and publish a clear national plan, outlining how the government will deliver its fair share of the global targets agreed in the Political Declaration from the High-Level Meeting on TB and how the country will fully fund the national TB response.

2. Commit to ensuring that the national TB control program is fully equipped and funded to enable the scaling-up of TB care and prevention services in order to successfully deliver on India’s fair share to diagnose and treat 11.9 million people with TB by 2022.

3. Work through all diplomatic channels to ensure TB remains on the agenda of Heads of State around the world, particularly through existing platforms where Heads of State and Government meet each year, such as the G20, APEC, ASEAN, SAARC and other relevant forums.

Info: globaltbcaucus.org